U. S. Department of Agriculture Agricultural Marketing Service and U. S. Department of Commerce

U. S. Department of Commerce Weather Bureau Nebr. Delle, of Agr. & Inspection Division of Agr. 1. Statistics and Agricultural Extension Service

Agricultural Extension Service Of Nebr. College of Agr.

NEBRASKA WEEKLY WEATHER AND CROP REPORT

Released 12-7-54 - 11:00 A.M.

Week Ending 12-6-54

WEATHER Temperatures averaged a little above normal over the eastern portion of the State to considerably below in the west, where temperatures fell to zero or below Wednesday morning over the Panhandle and the north-central portion of the State. A moderate change to the colder also overspread the State over the weekend. Moderate to locally heavy snow fell over the Panhandle and along the central and eastern portions of the northern border early in the week. Valentine received the greatest amount, 9 inches. Some of this snow blew off the wheat fields over the Panhandle. Moderate rains fell over most of the southeastern portion of the State Saturday afternoon and evening. Elsewhere, only very light precipitation was reported.

November was warm and dry. The only precipitation of consequence was the snow over the Panhandle and along the remainder of the northern border early in the week. Temperatures averaged about 2° above normal in the southwest to more than 8° above over the north-central portion of the State. Moderately cold weather overspread the State on the 1st and 2nd of the month, but thereafter temperatures averaged near or above normal, with much bright sunshine and generally pleasant weather for this season of year.

CROPS Winter wheat in the Panhandle received some benefit from the snow, ranging from 2 to 4 inches which fell November 30 and December 1. Most of this snow remained on the fields. The rain which occurred December 4 ranged from .30 to .45 inches and covered most of the territory south of the Platte River west to Hastings. Southwestern and central Nebraska wheat received practically no moisture.

Wheat maintained its previous high average condition. A little western Nebraska wheat hasn't enough growth for protection against wind, but most of the crop has an unusually good top growth as well as root development. All of the wheat crop, particularly that in southwestern and central Nebraska, needs moisture before going into the dormant stage for the winter. The heavy top growth has removed most of the moisture from the surface soil.

The dry, mild autumn to date has been highly favorable for most farm work. Considerable plowing and liming of soil has been done. Farm labor is plentiful. There was one report that some soybeans were heating in the bin. The highest yield of milo reported so far to this office was the yield of 114 bushels per acre from south-central Nebraska. One report from central Nebraska says that farmers having irrigation wells have been irrigating alfalfa and wheat fields.

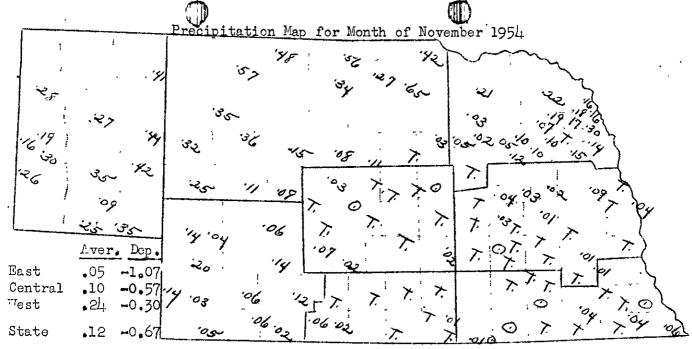
The condition of pasture showed little change during the past week. The slight improvement in range feed was reported from north-central Nebraska due to snow which removed the dust and softened the range feed. This snow covered the northwestern portion of the Sandhills, ranging from 4 to 8 and 10 inches near the Nebraska-Dakota state line, extending eastward in northern counties to the Missouri River.

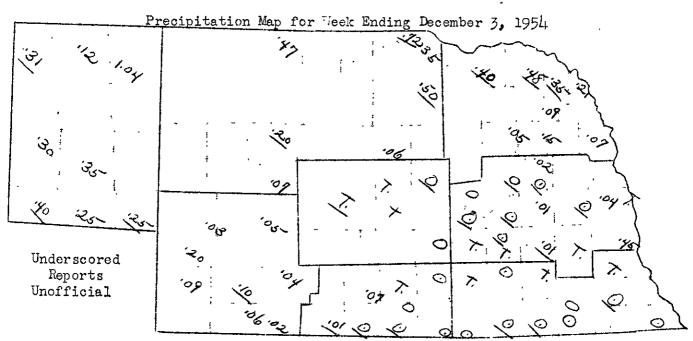
LIVESTOCK The autumn weather has been highly favorable for feeding livestock and for fall farrowing. The favorable condition enabled farmers to get more pasture and range feed, thereby saving the hay and forage supply. October cattle slaughter totaled 152,000 head against 161,000 head October a year ago. Total slaughter January through October amounted to 1,434,000 head against 1,311,000 head a year earlier.

U. S. Department of Agriculture 203 P. C. Building, Box 1911 Lincoln 1, Nebraska

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HIGHEST AND LOWEST TEMPERATURES (High for 24 hours ending at 12:30 a.m., and low for 12 hours ending at 6:30 a.m. CST)

		November	•	•				
		30 an	lst	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th
		Max Min	Max Min	Max Min	Max Min	Max Min	Max Min	Max Min
W	Chadron	<i>3</i> 8 27	28 🗕 7	22 5	41 16	46 29	<i>3</i> 8 23	44 86
	Scottsbluff	31 24	26 🖚 8	34 3	LP 29	50 31	52 31	44 25
	Sidney	29 21	27 - 1	35 9	50 31	54 33	50 30	45 23
E-C	Burwell			32 13	52 18	58 25	52 26	34 19
	Valentine	<i>3</i> 8 <i>2</i> 7	32 20	26 0	36 11	43 27	40 29	36 <i>2</i> 9
NE .	Morfolk	42 24	38 22	32 18	lu 22	53 24	45 22	35 16
	Sioux City	43 28	37 24	33 24	32 16	42 22	ഥ 20	33 15
CEN.	Grand Island	년 1 3년	51 22	32 19	51 21	58 32	52 28	36 22
	Lexington	38 30	Հ վ₊ 18	36 16	58 22	55 26	50 27	39 21
$E \leftarrow C$	Lincoln	44 37	50 28	34 eli	Ĺ5 26	57 35	48 27	37 22
	Omaha	45 32	42 27	29 23	40 23	55 32	48 26	38 17
SW	Imperial	34 23	35 11	41 14	59 21	61 25	53 32	53 19
	North Platte	36 28	36 14	38 16	54 20	52 26	54 34	Ĺj5 23

WEATHER BUREAU TELEGRAPHIC REPORT OF PRECIPITATION FOR THEK ENDING DECEMBER 6, 1954

Eastern Division		Central Divis	<u>ion</u>	Western Division		
Grand Island	d " 20	Burwell	•06	Chadron	•37	
Lincoln	. 42	Lexington	₊ 03	Imperial	•04	
Norfolk	. 05	North Platte	. 05	Scottsbluff	•50	
Omaha	.02	Valentine	•43	Sidney	.12	
Sioux City	.21			· ·	-	